

ASYNCHRONOUS RECOMMENDATION SYSTEMS

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THE BASIC MOTIVATION

- There are a zillion **objects** out there... Which would I like?
 - If I **probe** one, I'll know whether I like it or not
 - But I can't read them all!
- Simple solution: share the load with others
 - System provides means to disseminate actual experience reports
 - "collaborative filtering," "recommendation system," ...
- Problem now: different users may have wildly different preferences. Whose view should I adopt?

FORMAL MODEL

- **N objects, N users**
- Each user has a binary **grade** for each object (like/dislike)
- Initially, all grades are unknown. Goal: find grades!
- A user can **probe** an object: pay cost and find grade.
- Results of probes are available to everyone (public billboard)
- Execution proceeds in atomic **steps** (synchronous?):
 - Read **billboard**
 - Probe an object (pay cost!)
 - Post result

WHAT'S KNOWN

- DKR [STOC'2]: noise-free, restricted preferences
- AALPT [SPAA'5]: noise-free, synchronous
- AAAP [SPAA'6]: synchronous

OUR CONTRIBUTION

- Theorem: If $\tilde{\Omega}(1)$ of the first probes of an **asynchronous schedule** are by players with similar preferences, then with high probability, after $\tilde{O}(n)$ work by these players, their output stabilizes on their true preferences.
- Idea: a general randomized simulation technique, applied to the synchronous algorithms. Cost increases by a polylog factor.

THANKS!

Asynchronous Recommendation Systems

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